### SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS AND TECHNOLOGY

## SAULT STE. MARIE, ONT.

COURSE TITLE: PRINCIPLES OF BEHAVIOUR MODIFICATION

CODE NO.: PSY115

PROGRAM: CORRECTIONAL WORKER

PROFESSOR: GERRY PAGE Rm. E-3222

<u>TEL NO.:</u> <u>759-6774 OR TOUCH-TONE 759-2554 EXT. 555</u>

DATE: JAN. 1995 PREVIOUS OUTLINE DATED: AUG. 94

APPROVED:

NADEAN KOCH, DEAN, SCHOOL OF ARTS AND GENERAL EDUCATION <u>/9?s o/ #s</u>

### COURSE DESCRIPTION

The primary goal of this course is to introduce applied behaviour analysis to the student in a reasonably complete, technically accurate, contemporary manner. Operant conditioning will be emphasized keeping in mind ethical considerations.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course the student will:

- 1. define what behaviour is and demonstrate the ability to define behaviour operationally.
- compare and contrast classical conditioning and operant conditioning.
- 3. list and recognize the various steps required for behavioural assessment.
- 4. identify various methods for measuring behaviour utilizing direct and indirect procedures.
- 5. define and list the factors which influence the effectiveness of reinforcement.
- 6. describe what extinction is and the factors affecting its effectiveness.
- 7. define what shaping is and list the necessary steps in developing a shaping program.
- 8. compare and contrast the various schedules of reinforcement, noting their advantages and disadvantages.
- 9. list the factors necessary to set up a "Token Economy" and list the advantages and disadvantages of token economy models.
- 10. define what stimulus control is and explain how stimulus discrimination training is carried out.
- 11. define punishment (Type I and Type II) and list the factors influencing the effectiveness of punishment.
- 12. discuss the ethical/legal issues surrounding the uses of punishment.
- 13. compare and contrast alternative methods for reducing behaviour.
- 14. identify the factors necessary in setting up a self-control program.
- 15. list and describe the components necessary for setting up behavioural contracts.

### **TEXTBOOK**

### Behaviour Modification: What It Is and How To Do It

4th Edition, 1992, Prentice Hall

Authors: Martin & Pear

Additional audio-visual and printed material will be used in conjunction with the above text. Students will be responsible for all missed materials due to absences. In addition computer software is available in the L.A.C. for students' use. Examples include "Sidney Slug, Psychworld, and Psycom."

# SYLLABUS

WEEK 1	A. B.	Brief historical perspective Roof applied behaviour analysis What is behaviour/defining behaviour operationally	ead Chapter 1	
	C.	Environmental effects on behaviour		
WEEK 2	A.	Classical conditioning vs. operant conditioning	15	
	В.	Respondent behaviour vs. operant behavi	our	
WEEK 3	A. B.	Goals vs objectives Functional analysis of behaviour	Handouts	
WEEK 4		QUIZ#1, CHAPTERS 1 AND 15 PLUS LECTURE NOTES AND VIDEOS		
	в. С.	Role of assessment Methods and issues in gathering behavious assessment information	18 ural	
WEEK 5	А.	Measuring and recording behaviour, i.e., direct vs. indirect recording Fundamentals of graphing data, convention graph, cumulative graphs	19 onal	
WEEK 6	A.	Reinforcement procedures (positive vs. negative)	3	
	В.	Primary reinforcers vs. Conditioned reinforcers	10	
	C.	Factors affecting reinforcement		
WEEK 7	A.	QUIZ #2, CHAPTERS 18,19, 3,10, PLUS LECTURE NOTES AND VIDEOS	3	
	B.	Extinction: What it is?		
	C.	Factors affecting extinction		
	D.	Resistance to extinction		
WEEK 8	А. В. С.	Shaping: What it is? Factors affecting behavioural shaping Pitfalls of shaping		

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SYLLABUS WEEK 9	A. B.	Schedules of Reinforcement Characteristics, advantages and disadvantage	Read Chapter 6 s
WEEK 10	B.	QUIZ #3 CHAPTERS 4, 5, 6, PLUS LECTURE NOTES AND VIDEOS Schedules of Reinforcement that decrease behaviour, DRO, DRL, DRI, DRA. Group presentations	
WEEK 11	A. B. C	Token Economy Factors required to set up a token economy. Token economy models	22
WEEK 12	A. B. C	Stimulus control Stimulus discrimination training Stimulus fading	8 9
WEEK 13	A. B. C D	QUIZ #4 CHAPTERS 7, 8, 9, 22, AND LECTURE NOTES AND VIDEOS Punishment: What is it? Effectiveness of punishment Ethical/legal considerations	13
WEEK 14	A. B.	Alternative methods for reducing behaviour. Factors related to reductive procedures	17
WEEK 15	A. B.	Self-Control procedures Behavioural contracts	23
WEEK 16	A.	Issues in behaviour management	28
WEEK 17	A	QUIZ #5 CHAPTERS 13, 17, 23, 28 AND LECTURE NOTES AND VIDEOS	

### **EVALUATION:**

Students will be expected to be in attendance and act as a participant in classroom activities. Students are responsible for all material missed due to being absent from class. Students will be graded as follows:

Quizzes 5 X 50 points per quiz = 250 points

Group Assignment 1 X 5 0 points = 50 points: due week 10.

All students must bring an HB pencil, an eraser, and their student I.D. number to class on test days.

### **Group Work Assignment:**

Students will break into groups of not more than 6 and no less than 4 students per group. Each group will be assigned a problem and will be asked to develop a behavioural strategy for solving the problem utilizing an "applied behavioural analysis approach." The instructor will give you the format for developing the program by week 4.

## <u>GRADING</u>

A + = 90 - 100%	or	270 - 300 points
A = 80 - 89%		240 - 269 points
B = 70 - 79%		210-239 points
C = 60 - 69%		180-209 points
R less than 60%		179-or lower

#### NOTE:

If a student is unable to make a test due to **serious illness or circumstance**, s/he is obligated to contact the instructor in person or in writing "prior" to test time. The instructor will make a determination as to allow or not allow the student the right to write a supplemental test at a later date. If the student cannot make contact with the instructor in person, s/he is to **call the teacher** at the telephone number indicated on the cover page of this course outline. Failure to do so will result in an automatic "0" grade.

The instructor reserves the right to alter course material and grading as deemed necessary.

Students with an identified special need should meet with the instructor (confidentially) to discuss their situation.